

DT9

Integrating Testing into DevOps
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A DevOps Team's Journey Toward Behavior-Driven Development

Presented by:

Laurent Py and Vincent Prêtre

Hiptest

Brought to you by:



Laurent Py

With more than fifteen years of experience as a developer and product manager, Laurent Py is now product manager at Hiptest, a continuous testing platform dedicated to agile and DevOps teams. Hiptest helps product owners, developers, and testers collaborate to build the right product faster.

Vincent Prêtre

Vincent Prêtre is a cofounder of Hiptest with more than ten years of software experience. He is specialized in web development and is also the creator and main contributor of the open source framework Hiptest-Publisher. He has been a speaker at several conferences around the world to share his experience about testing and behavior-driven development.



The journey of our DevOps team to Behavior Driven Development

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Agenda

- Testing in DevOps
- Step 1: Testing the idea
- Step 2: Testing the code
- Step 3 : Testing in production
- Step 4 : Let's iterate
- Conclusion

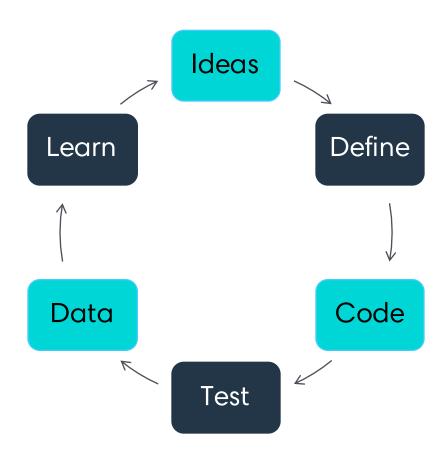
Testing in DevOps

DevOps: Biggest opportunity?



SPEED!

DevOps: Biggest opportunity?



Minimize total time through the loop.

Testing in DevOps

- 1. Which value do we want to deliver?
- 2. Is the feature's implementation aligned with that?
- 3. Does the feature have a real impact on the end user?
- 4. Is the UX great and what's the feature usage in time?

Step 1: Testing the idea

Why?



Challenge business assumptions

Which value do we want to deliver?

- Use <u>Personae/JTB</u> to create intimacy between users and the team
- Define business assumptions
- Behavior Driven Development (<u>BDD</u>) to capture the behavior

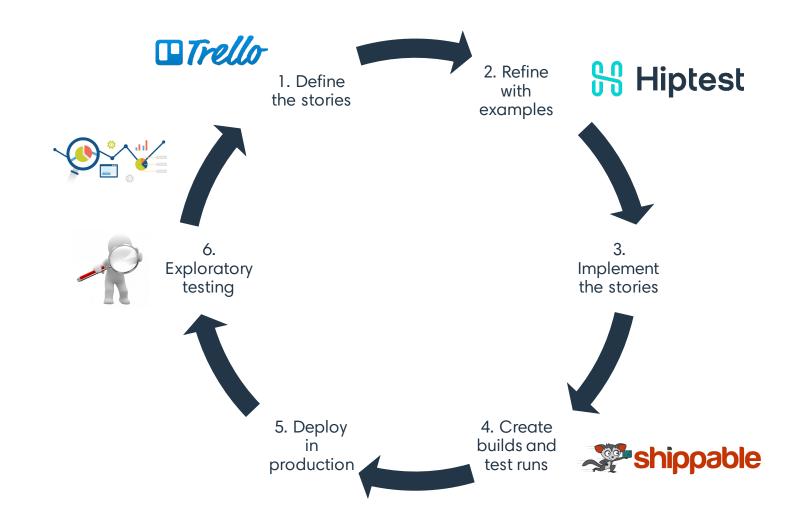
What's BDD?

Collaborative requirements

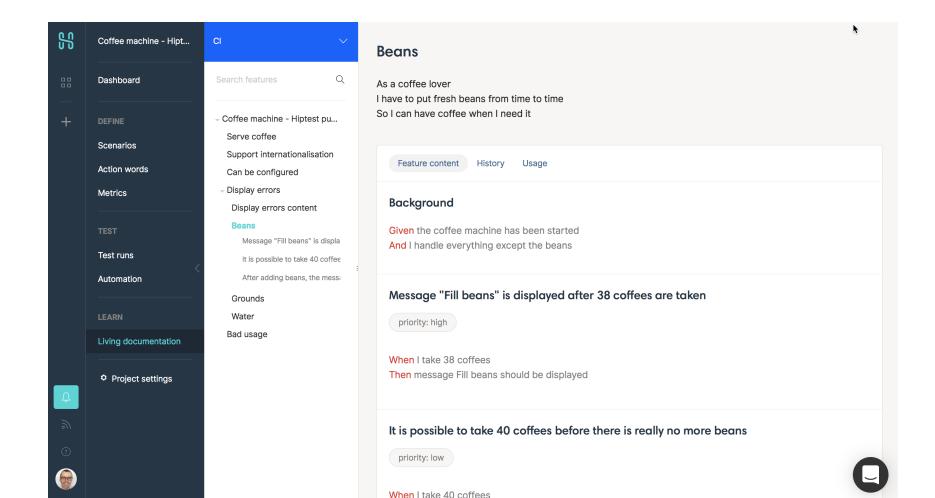
Automated tests

Living documentation

Testing process at Hiptest



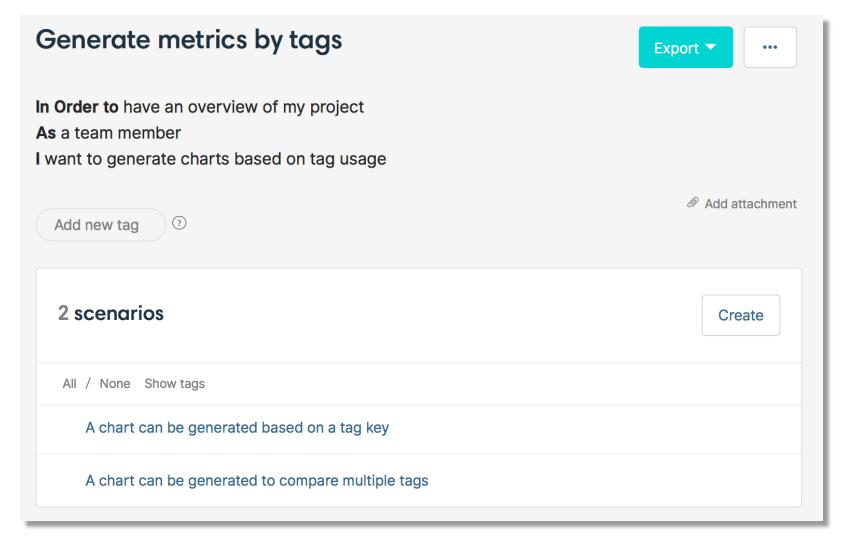
BDD – Capture the behavior



Attempt #1

Given user Harry and project with errors and a test run named TR1 When test unknown var is selected Then test has error Interpretation error: unknown symbol 'v' When test datatable not totally full - Ko is selected Then test contains use When test datatable not totally full - Ok is selected Then test contains use value When test syntax error is selected Then test has error Interpretation error: syntax error

Attempt #2



Attempt #3

Given all test results are passed

and no execution cycle is started

When I start a new execution cycle

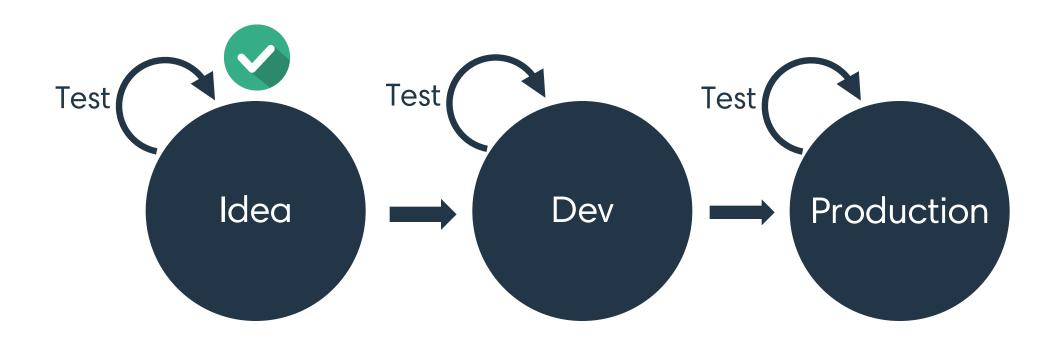
Then the test run Sprint 1 should contain a started execution cycle

and all test results should be not run

Good practices

- Use of gherkin syntax on purpose (Given / When / Then)
- Use of declarative style
- Reuse a consistent business terminology
- Review and refactor your BDD scenarios continuously

Continuous testing



Step 2: Testing the code

Development

- 1. In step 1 we have created a shared understanding of the feature
- 2. The dev' team can develop a first increment of the feature
- 3. Integration to CI/CD pipeline

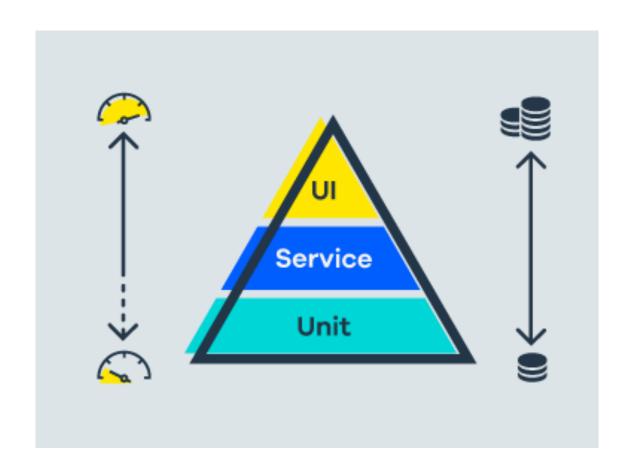
Automation

100% of our checks (scenarios) are automated

And, it's expensive!



Our automated tests



- 500 tests BDD
- 1250 tests Ember
- 4000 tests Rspec

Right level of automation

Given all test results are passed

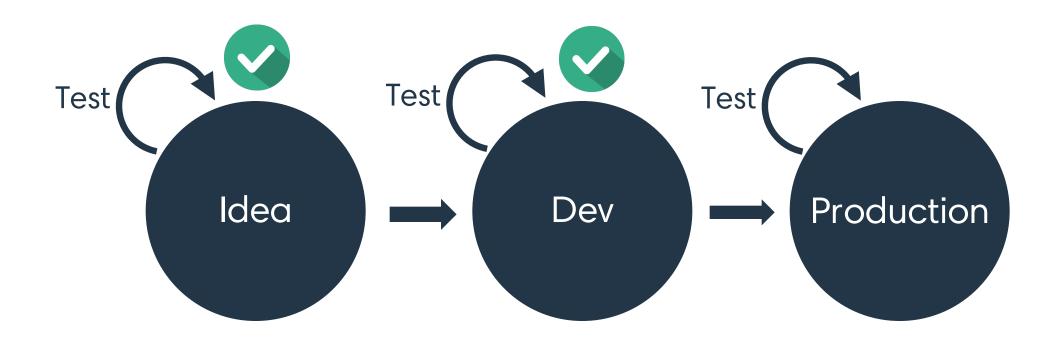
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Continuous testing



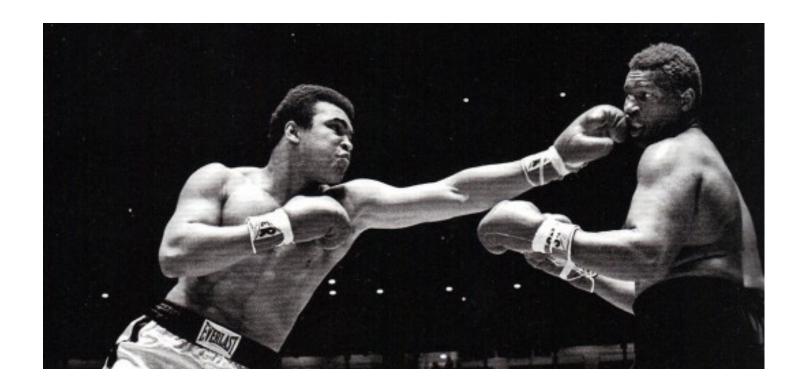
Step 3: Testing in production

Making the feature available

1. In Step 2 we have validated the implementation

2. The feature is rolled out using a switch (GA or progressive)

The match



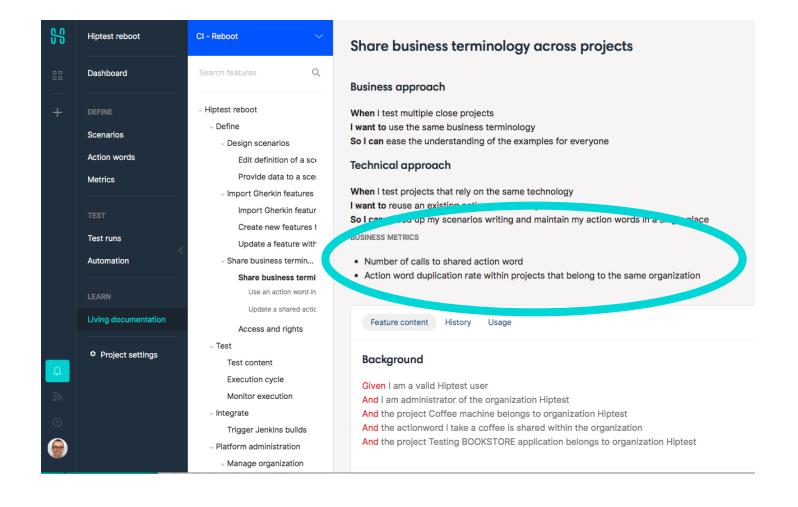
Availability VS Correctness

Application performance management

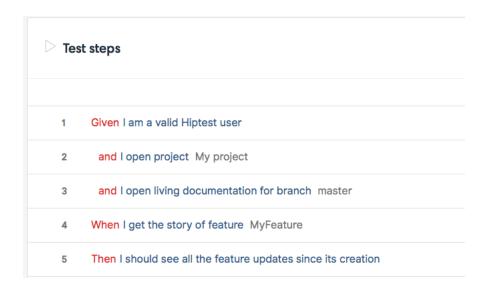


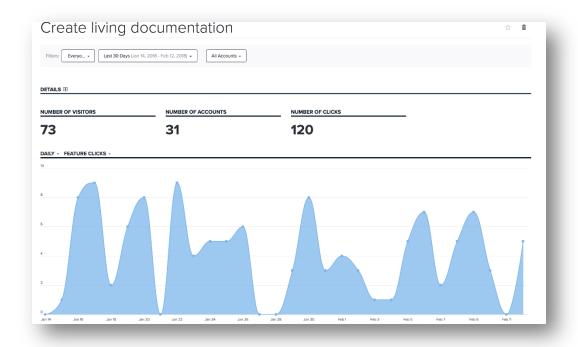
Appsignal, Alertsite, Scalingo & Logmatic/Datadog

Living Documentation & Product analytics



Living Documentation & Product analytics

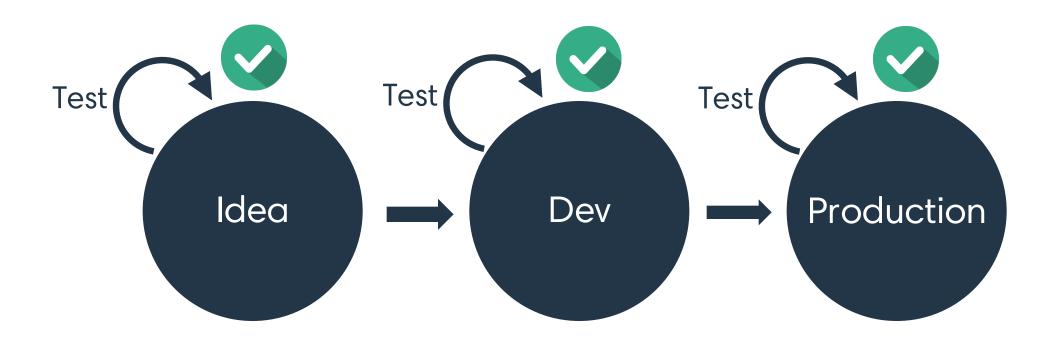




A single place to collaborate on

- Feature behaviors
- Feature history
- Test results
- Feature usage & impact

Continuous testing



Step 4: Let's iterate

Let's iterate

1. In step 3 we have measured the impact

2. The feature can be removed (with the tests), enhanced or validated

3. Go to step 1

Conclusion

Benefits of testing in DevOps



Test value first

2 Incremental investment in quality

3 Context suitable to experiments



Thank you!



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